

Q5 1999

For an element of fluid the force balance is:

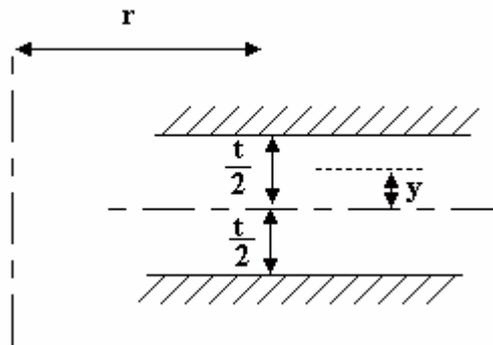
$$d\tau dr = dp dy \quad \frac{dp}{dr} = \frac{d\tau}{dy} = \frac{d\left(\mu \frac{du}{dy}\right)}{dy} = \mu \frac{d^2u}{dy^2}$$

INTEGRATE

$$y \frac{dp}{dr} = \mu \frac{du}{dy} + A$$

INTEGRATE

$$\frac{y^2}{2} \frac{dp}{dr} = \mu u + Ay + B$$



Boundary conditions are at $y = \pm b/2$ $u = 0$

Put $y = t/2$

$$\frac{(t/2)^2}{2} \frac{dp}{dr} = 0 + At/2 + B \dots \dots \dots (1)$$

Put $y = -t/2$

$$\frac{(-t/2)^2}{2} \frac{dp}{dr} = 0 - At/2 + B \dots \dots \dots (2)$$

Add (1) + (2)

$$(t/2)^2 \frac{dp}{dr} = 2B \quad B = \frac{t^2}{8} \frac{dp}{dr}$$

Substitute into (1) $\frac{t^2}{8} \frac{dp}{dr} = 0 + \frac{At}{2} + \frac{t^2}{8} \frac{dp}{dr}$

It follows that $A = 0$

$$\frac{y^2}{2} \frac{dp}{dr} = \mu u + \frac{t^2}{8} \frac{dp}{dr}$$

$$\frac{dp}{dr} \left\{ \frac{y^2}{2} - \frac{t^2}{8} \right\} = \mu u$$

$$u = \frac{dp}{dr} \frac{1}{8\mu} \{4y^2 - t^2\}$$

For an elementary ring radius r and height dy

$$dA = 2\pi r dy \quad dQ = u 2\pi r dy$$

$$dQ = \frac{dp}{dr} \frac{1}{8\mu} \{4y^2 - t^2\} \times 2\pi r dy$$

$$dQ = \frac{dp}{dr} \frac{2\pi r}{8\mu} \{4y^2 dy - t^2 dy\}$$

Integrate with respect to y

$$Q = \frac{dp}{dr} \frac{2\pi r}{8\mu} \left[\frac{4y^3}{3} - t^2 y \right]_{-\frac{t}{2}}^{\frac{t}{2}}$$

$$Q = \frac{dp}{dr} \frac{2\pi r}{8\mu} \left[\left(-\frac{4t^3}{24} + \frac{t^3}{2} \right) - \left(\frac{4t^3}{24} - \frac{t^3}{2} \right) \right]$$

$$Q = \frac{dp}{dr} \frac{\pi r}{4\mu} \times \frac{2t^3}{3}$$

$$\frac{dr}{r} = dp \frac{\pi t^3}{6\mu\mu}$$

$$\int_{R_i}^{R_o} \frac{dr}{r} = \frac{\pi t^3}{6\mu\mu} \int_p^0 dp$$

Integrate

$$\ln\left(\frac{R_o}{R_i}\right) = \frac{\pi t^3}{6\mu\mu} p$$

$$Q = \frac{\pi t^3}{6\mu} \frac{p}{\ln\left(\frac{R_o}{R_i}\right)}$$

$$t = 5 \text{ mm} \quad R_o = 0.15 \text{ m} \quad R_i = 0.025 \text{ m} \quad \rho = 800 \text{ kg/m}^3 \quad \mu = 0.25 \text{ Ns/m}^2 \quad u_m = 5 \text{ m/s}$$

$$Q = A u_m = \pi \times 0.025^2 \times 5 = 9.817 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$p = \frac{Q \ln\left(\frac{R_o}{R_i}\right) \times 6\mu}{\pi t^3} = 9.817 \times 10^{-3} \frac{\ln\left(\frac{0.15}{0.025}\right) \times 6 \times 0.25}{\pi \times 0.005^3} = 67.19 \text{ kPa}$$

Max velocity at y = 0

$$\frac{dp}{dr} = -\frac{67190}{0.15 - 0.025} = 537 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$u = \frac{1}{8\mu} \frac{dp}{dr} (4y^2 - t^2) = \frac{1}{8 \times 0.25} (-537 \times 10^{-3}) (-0.005^2) = 6.72 \text{ m/s}$$